

Package ‘cat.dt’

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Type Package

Title Computerized Adaptive Testing and Decision Trees

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Description Implements the Merged Tree-CAT method (Javier Rodriguez-Cuadrado et al., 2020, <doi:10.1016/j.eswa.2019.113066>) to generate Computerized Adaptive Tests (CATs) based on a decision tree. The tree growth is controlled by merging branches with similar trait distributions and estimations. This package has the necessary tools for creating CATs and estimate the subject's ability level.

URL <https://github.com/jlaria/cat.dt>

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R topics documented:

ability_density	2
allocate_sons	3
a_posteriori	3
cat.dt	4

CAT_ability_est	4
CAT_ability_est_group	5
CAT_DT	6
create_E_MEPV	8
create_E_MFI	8
create_last_level	9
create_levels	10
create_level_1	11
create_node	12
create_prob_array	13
estimate	13
Fisher_GRM	14
Fisher_NRM	15
itemBank	15
itemRes	16
item_selector	16
join_node	17
plot_tree	17
predict.cat.dt	18
probab_GRM	19
probab_NRM	19
summary.cat.dt	20

Index **21**

ability_density	<i>Vector of density values of ability level</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Computes the density function values of the evaluated ability levels

Usage

```
ability_density(dens, ...)
```

Arguments

dens	density function (e.g. dnorm, dunif, etc.)
...	parameters of the density function

Value

A vector of density values

Author(s)

Javier Rodriguez-Cuadrado

allocate_sons	<i>Allocate sons in the CAT decision tree</i>
---------------	---

Description

Fills the information of the sons of the previous level nodes

Usage

```
allocate_sons(nodes_prev, nodes, level)
```

Arguments

nodes_prev	list of node lists of the nodes from the previous level
nodes	list of node lists of the nodes from the current level
level	level of the CAT decision tree

Value

A list of node lists updated with the information of the sons

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

a_posteriori	<i>Vector of a posteriori density values of ability level</i>
--------------	---

Description

Computes the a posteriori density function values of the evaluated ability levels given the item response

Usage

```
a_posteriori(apriori, prob)
```

Arguments

apriori	a vector of a priori density function values of the evaluated ability levels
prob	a vector of probability response for every evaluated ability level given the item response

Value

A vector of a posteriori density values

Author(s)

Javier Rodriguez-Cuadrado

`cat.dt`*cat.dt: Computerized Adaptive Testing and Decision Trees*

Description

The `cat.dt` package implements the Merged Tree-CAT method to generate Computerized Adaptive Tests (CATs) based on a decision tree. The tree growth is controlled by merging branches with similar trait distributions and estimations. This package has the necessary tools for creating CATs and estimate the subject's ability level. The Merged Tree-CAT method is an extension of the Tree-CAT method (see Delgado-Gómez et al., 2019 <doi:10.1016/j.eswa.2018.09.052>).

Main interface function`CAT_DT`**Author(s)**

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado, David Delgado-Gómez, Juan C. Laria

See Also[CAT_DT](#)

`CAT_ability_est`*Ability level estimation for an individual using a CAT decision tree*

Description

Computes the test taker's estimated ability level based on the CAT decision tree previously built and the test taker's responses to every item at every tree level

Usage`CAT_ability_est(cat.dt, res)`**Arguments**

<code>cat.dt</code>	A <code>cat.dt</code> object returned by CAT_DT .
<code>res</code>	Vector containing the test taker's responses to every item

Value

A list containing the following elements:

`$estimation` Estimated ability level after each level of the tree.

`$linf` Lower limit of the final estimation at 95

`$lsup` Upper limit of the final estimation at 95

`$items` Administered item in each level.

`$graphics` Plot object of the evolution of the ability level estimation. It shows the ability level estimation after the individual has answered to every administered item.

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

Examples

```
data("itemBank")
# Build the cat.dt
nodes = CAT_DT(bank = itemBank, model = "GRM", crit = "MEPV",
               C = 0.3, stop = c(3,0.5), limit = 200, inters = 0.98,
               p = 0.9, dens = dnorm, 0, 1)

# Estimate the ability level of a subject with responses res
estimation = CAT_ability_est(nodes, res = itemRes[1, ])

#plot the estimations
plot(estimation$graphics)
```

CAT_ability_est_group *Ability level estimation for a group using a CAT decision tree*

Description

Computes the test takers' estimated ability level based on the CAT decision tree previously built and the test takers' responses to every item at every tree level

Usage

```
CAT_ability_est_group(cat.dt, res)
```

Arguments

<code>cat.dt</code>	A <code>cat.dt</code> object returned by <code>CAT_DT</code> .
<code>res</code>	Matrix containing the test takers' responses to every item. Rows represent each individual and columns represent the responses given to each item

Value

A list of lists containing the following elements for each individual:

`$estimation` Estimated ability level after each level of the tree.

`$linf` Lower limit of the final estimation at 95

`$lsup` Upper limit of the final estimation at 95

`$items` Administered item in each level.

`$graphics` Plot object of the evolution of the ability level estimation. It shows the ability level estimation after the individual has answered to every administered item.

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

Examples

```
# data("itemBank")
# Build the cat.dt
# nodes = CAT_DT(bank = itemBank, model = "GRM", crit = "MEPV",
#               C = 0.3, stop = c(2, 0.5), limit = 100, inters = 0.8,
#               p = 0.8, dens = dnorm, 0, 1)

# Estimate the ability level of a subject with responses res
# CAT_ability_est_group(nodes, res = itemRes)
```

CAT_DT

CAT decision tree

Description

Generates a `cat.dt` object containing the CAT decision tree. This object has all the necessary information to build the tree.

Usage

```
CAT_DT(
  bank,
  model = "GRM",
  crit = "MEPV",
  C = 0.3,
  stop = c(6, 0),
  limit = 200,
  inters = 0.98,
  p = 0.9,
  dens,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

bank	data.frame or matrix of the item bank. Rows represent items, and columns represent parameters. If the model is "GRM", the first column represents the alpha parameters and the next columns represent the beta parameters. If the model is "NRM", odd columns represent the alpha parameters and even columns represent beta parameters
model	polytomous IRT model. Options: "GRM" for Graded Response Model and "NRM" for Nominal Response Model
crit	item selection criterion. Options: "MEPV" for Minimum Expected Posterior Variance and "MFI" for Maximum Fisher Information
C	vector of maximum item exposures. If it is an integer, this value is replicated for every item
stop	vector of two components that represent the decision tree stopping criterion. The first component represents the maximum level of the decision tree, and the second represents the minimum standard error of the ability level (if it is 0, this second criterion is not applied)
limit	maximum number of level nodes
inters	minimum common area between density functions in the nodes of the evaluated pair in order to join them
p	a-priori probability that controls the tolerance to join similar nodes
dens	density function (e.g. dnorm, dunif, etc.)
...	parameters of the density function

Value

An object of class `cat.dt`

Author(s)

Javier Rodr?guez-Cuadrado

Examples

```
data("itemBank")
# Build the cat.dt
nodes = CAT_DT(bank = itemBank, model = "GRM", crit = "MEPV",
               C = 0.3, stop = c(3,0.05), limit = 100, inters = 0.9,
               p = 0.9, dens = dnorm, 0, 1)

# Estimate the ability level of a subject with responses res
CAT_ability_est(nodes, res = itemRes[1, ])
# or
nodes$predict(res = itemRes[1, ])
# or
predict(nodes, itemRes[1, ])
```

create_E_MEPV *MSE of every item for an specified node*

Description

Computes a vector of the mean squared error of every item allocated to the specified level node in the CAT decision tree. Every MSE is computed using the ability level density function in the specified node and the ability level estimations given the item responses

Usage

```
create_E_MEPV(bank, dens_vec, nres, prob_array, C)
```

Arguments

bank	matrix of the item bank. Rows represent items, and columns represent parameters. If the model is "GRM", the first column represents the alpha parameters and the next columns represent the beta parameters. If the model is "NRM", odd columns represent the alpha parameters and even columns represent beta parameters
dens_vec	vector of the density function values in the specified node of the evaluated ability levels
nres	vector of number of possible responses for every item
prob_array	3-D array of probability responses. Dim 1 represent items, dim 2 represent evaluated ability levels and dim 3 represent possible responses
C	vector of item capacities

Value

A vector of all item MSE for the specified node

Author(s)

Javier Rodr?guez-Cuadrado

create_E_MFI *Fisher Information of every item for an specified node*

Description

Computes a vector of the Fisher Information of every item allocated to the specified level node in the CAT decision tree. Every FI is computed using the estimated ability level in the specified node

Usage

```
create_E_MFI(bank, theta_est, nres, C)
```

Arguments

bank	matrix of the item bank. Rows represent items, and columns represent parameters. If the model is "GRM", the first column represents the alpha parameters and the next columns represent the beta parameters. If the model is "NRM", odd columns represent the alpha parameters and even columns represent beta parameters
theta_est	estimated ability level
nres	vector of number of possible responses for every item
C	vector of item capacities

Value

A vector of all item Fisher Information for the specified node

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

create_last_level *CAT decision tree last level generator*

Description

Generates a list of node lists for the last level of the CAT decision tree

Usage

```
create_last_level(nodes_prev, nres, level, prob_array, SE)
```

Arguments

nodes_prev	list of node lists of the nodes from the previous level
nres	vector of number of possible responses for every item
level	last-level number (equals the length of the test plus one)
prob_array	3-D array of probability responses. Dim 1 represent items, dim 2 represent evaluated ability levels and dim 3 represent possible responses
SE	minimum standard error of the ability level

Value

A list of lists. Each of these lists represent a node of the last level of the decision tree

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

create_levels *CAT decision tree level generator*

Description

Generates a list of node lists for a specific level of the CAT decision tree

Usage

```
create_levels(
  nodes_prev,
  bank,
  crit,
  C,
  nres,
  level,
  prob_array,
  limit,
  tol,
  inters,
  SE
)
```

Arguments

nodes_prev	list of node lists of the nodes from the previous level
bank	matrix of the item bank. Rows represent items, and columns represent parameters. If the model is "GRM", the first column represents the alpha parameters and the next columns represent the beta parameters. If the model is "NRM", odd columns represent the alpha parameters and even columns represent beta parameters
crit	item selection criterion. Options: "MEPV" for Minimum Expected Posterior Variance and "MFI" for Maximum Fisher Information
C	vector of item capacities
nres	vector of number of possible responses for every item
level	level number
prob_array	3-D array of probability responses. Dim 1 represent items, dim 2 represent evaluated ability levels and dim 3 represent possible responses
limit	maximum number of level nodes
tol	maximum distance between estimated ability levels in the nodes of the evaluated pair in order to consider whether to join them

inters	minimum common area between density functions in the nodes of the evaluated pair in order to join them
SE	minimum standard error of the ability level

Value

A list of lists and a scalar. Each of the lists represent a node of the specified level of the decision tree, and the scalar represents if the created level is the last (1) or not (0) due to the SE stopping criterion

Author(s)

Javier Rodr?guez-Cuadrado

create_level_1 *Level 1 CAT decision tree generator*

Description

Generates a list of nodes lists for the first level of the CAT decision tree

Usage

```
create_level_1(bank, crit, dens_vec, C, nres, prob_array)
```

Arguments

bank	matrix of the item bank. Rows represent items, and columns represent parameters. If the model is "GRM", the first column represents the alpha parameters and the next columns represent the beta parameters. If the model is "NRM", odd columns represent the alpha parameters and even columns represent beta parameters
crit	item selection criterion. Options: "MEPV" for Minimum Expected Posterior Variance and "MFI" for Maximum Fisher Information
dens_vec	vector of the a priori density function values of the evaluated ability levels
C	vector of item capacities
nres	vector of number of possible responses for every item
prob_array	3-D array of probability responses. Dim 1 represent items, dim 2 represent evaluated ability levels and dim 3 represent possible responses

Value

A list of lists. Each of these lists represent a node of the first level of the decision tree

Author(s)

Javier Rodr?guez-Cuadrado

create_node	<i>Node creator</i>
-------------	---------------------

Description

Generates a list that represents a specific node of the CAT decision tree

Usage

```
create_node(ID, dens_vec, item, item_prev, est, SE, ID_sons, D, as_val)
```

Arguments

ID	integer that represents the specified node identification in the form of $10000 \times \text{level} + \text{position}$.
dens_vec	vector of the density function values in the specified node of the evaluated ability levels
item	integer that represents the item of the specified node
item_prev	vector of items of the previous nodes
est	estimated ability level in the specified node
SE	standard error of the estimated ability level
ID_sons	data frame containing the information of the sons of the specified node. Rows represent sons and columns represent the ID of the son, the response given to the item of the specified node that led to the son and the probability of reaching the son given that response (not equal to one if the son had previously splitted)
D	confluency of the specified node
as_val	associated value of the specified node. It can be the MSE if the selection criterion is "MEPV" and the FI if the selection criterion is "MFI"

Value

A list that represents a node of the decision tree

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

create_prob_array *Multidimensional array of response probabilities*

Description

For every item (dim 1) in an item bank and every evaluated ability level (dim 2), computes the probability of picking every possible response (dim 3) given the ability level

Usage

```
create_prob_array(model, bank, nres)
```

Arguments

model	polytomous IRT model. Options: "GRM" for Graded Response Model and "NRM" for Nominal Response Model
bank	matrix of the item bank. Rows represent items, and columns represent parameters. If the model is "GRM", the first column represents the alpha parameters and the next columns represent the beta parameters. If the model is "NRM", odd columns represent the alpha parameters and even columns represent beta parameters
nres	vector of number of possible responses for every item

Value

A 3-dimensional array of probability responses

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

estimate *Ability level estimation*

Description

Computes the estimated ability level given the ability level density function values and its standard error

Usage

```
estimate(dens_vec)
```

Arguments

dens_vec	vector of density function values of the evaluated ability levels
----------	---

Value

A list containing the expected value of the ability level density function and the standard error of that expected value

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

Fisher_GRM

Fisher Information under GRM

Description

Computes the item Fisher Information given an ability level based on the GRM model

Usage

```
Fisher_GRM(theta_est, item_par, nres)
```

Arguments

theta_est	ability level
item_par	vector containing the item parameters. First component is the alpha parameter and the next are the beta parameters
nres	number of possible item responses

Value

An integer that represents the Fisher Information value of the specified item given the ability level

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

Fisher_NRM	<i>Fisher Information under NRM</i>
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Description

Computes the item Fisher Information given an ability level based on the NRM model

Usage

```
Fisher_NRM(theta_est, item_par, nres)
```

Arguments

theta_est	ability level
item_par	vector containing the item parameters. Odd components are the alpha parameters and even are the beta parameters
nres	number of possible item responses

Value

An integer that represents the Fisher Information value of the specified item given the ability level

Author(s)

Javier Rodriguez-Cuadrado

itemBank	<i>Example item bank</i>
----------	--------------------------

Description

Item bank data generated using `genPolyMatrix` from `catR` package.

Usage

```
data(itemBank)
```

Format

An object of class `data.frame`.

itemRes	<i>Example item responses</i>
---------	-------------------------------

Description

Item responses data to test with `data(itemBank)`. There are 30 subjects and their responses to 100 items.

Usage

```
data(itemRes)
```

Format

An object of class `matrix`.

item_selector	<i>Linear programming solver</i>
---------------	----------------------------------

Description

Computes the exposure rate of every item allocated to every level node. If more than one item is allocated to the same level node, the node splits.

Usage

```
item_selector(E_mat, D, C, minmax)
```

Arguments

E_mat	matrix of the associated value of every item allocated to every level node. Rows represent items and columns represent level nodes. The "associated value" can be the MSE if the selection criterium is "MEPV", the FI if the selection criterium is "MFI" and ****
D	vector of confluencies of every level node
C	vector of item capacities
minmax	optimisation direction. Options: TRUE to maximise and FALSE to minimise

Value

A matrix of exposure rates. Rows represent items and columns represent level nodes. Every item with a positive exposure rate for a level node is allocated to that node

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

join_node	<i>Node joiner</i>
-----------	--------------------

Description

Given all the nodes from one level, `join_node` evaluates all possible pairs one by one and decides whether or not to join them based on the similarity between the estimated ability levels and the density functions. If a pair of nodes is joined, the density function of the resulting node is the mean of the density functions of the joined nodes and the confluencies are summed.

Usage

```
join_node(nodes, level, limit, tol, inters)
```

Arguments

nodes	list of node lists. Every node list must contain the ID of the node, the vector of density function values of the evaluated ability levels, the vector of previous items, the estimated ability level and the node confluency
level	level of the CAT decision tree
limit	maximum number of level nodes
tol	minimum distance between estimated ability levels to join two nodes
inters	minimum common area between density functions in the nodes of the evaluated pair in order to join them

Value

A list of node lists. This list is the input list updated with the joined nodes

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

plot_tree	<i>CAT decision tree plot</i>
-----------	-------------------------------

Description

Generates a plot object to visualize the CAT decision tree

Usage

```
plot_tree(object, levels = 3, tree = 1)
```

Arguments

object	A cat.dt object
levels	Number of levels to plot, starting from the first one.
tree	Index of tree to plot. The total number of trees is given by <code>length(nodes\$nodes[[1]])</code> .

Value

A ggplot2 object

Author(s)

Javier Rodr?guez-Cuadrado

predict.cat.dt	<i>Predict S3 method for cat.dt</i>
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Description

Predict S3 method for cat.dt

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cat.dt'
predict(object, res, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A cat.dt object returned by <code>CAT_DT</code> .
res	Vector containing the test taker's responses to every item
...	Not used

Value

A list containing the following elements:

`$estimation` Estimated ability level after each level of the tree.

`$l1inf` Lower limit of the final estimation at 95

`$l1sup` Upper limit of the final estimation at 95

`$items` Administered item in each level.

`$graphics` Plot object of the evolution of the ability level estimation. It shows the ability level estimation after the individual has answered to every administered item.

Author(s)

Javier Rodr?guez-Cuadrado

probab_GRM	<i>Item response GRM probabilities</i>
------------	--

Description

Computes the probabilities of picking every possible response of an specified item from the item bank for all evaluated ability levels using the Graded Response Model

Usage

```
probab_GRM(item_par, nres)
```

Arguments

item_par	vector containing the item parameters. First component is the alpha parameter and the next are the beta parameters
nres	number of possible item responses

Value

A matrix of response probabilities. Rows represent evaluated ability levels and columns represent responses

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

probab_NRM	<i>Item response NRM probabilities</i>
------------	--

Description

Computes the probabilities of picking every possible response of an specified item from the item bank for all evaluated ability levels using the Nominal Response Model

Usage

```
probab_NRM(item_par, nres)
```

Arguments

item_par	vector containing the item parameters. Odd components are the alpha parameters and even are the beta parameters
nres	number of possible item responses

Value

A matrix of response probabilities. Rows represent evaluated ability levels and columns represent responses

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

summary.cat.dt	<i>CAT summary</i>
----------------	--------------------

Description

Summary of the cat.dt object generated

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cat.dt'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A cat.dt object
...	not used

Value

A summary of the cat.dt object

Author(s)

Javier Rodríguez-Cuadrado

Index

* datasets

itemBank, 15

itemRes, 16

a_posteriori, 3

ability_density, 2

allocate_sons, 3

cat.dt, 4

CAT_ability_est, 4

CAT_ability_est_group, 5

CAT_DT, 4, 5, 6, 18

create_E_MEPV, 8

create_E_MFI, 8

create_last_level, 9

create_level_1, 11

create_levels, 10

create_node, 12

create_prob_array, 13

estimate, 13

Fisher_GRM, 14

Fisher_NRM, 15

item_selector, 16

itemBank, 15

itemRes, 16

join_node, 17

plot_tree, 17

predict.cat.dt, 18

probab_GRM, 19

probab_NRM, 19

summary.cat.dt, 20